

APPLES

Varieties: (in approximate order of ripening).

Red Astrachan—Very early cooking apple.
 Red June—Very early. Good quality.
 Yellow Transparent—Yellow. Best summer apple.
 Gravenstein—Large striped apple. Best early fall apple.
 Red Gravenstein—Like common Gravenstein except its color is solid red.
 King—Large, striped red. A very good apple to follow Gravenstein.
 Tolman Sweet—A sweet apple.
 Jonathan—Red. Medium size. Bears young and regularly. Good quality.
 Grimes Golden—Best quality yellow apple.
 McIntosh—A late fall apple.
 Ortley—A high grade yellow apple.
 Winter Banana—Yellow apple. Good cooking.
 Wagener—Bears very young. Good keeping. Delicious—A fine red striped apple. At its best between Thanksgiving and Christmas.
 Red Delicious—Same quality as Delicious but with solid red color.
 Yellow Delicious—Bears very young. Keeps well.
 Spitzenberg—Highest quality. Good keeper.
 Red Season, Dec., Jan., and into February.
 Baldwin—Red. Good keeper.
 Northern Spy—Red. Juicy. Fine quality.
 Yellow Bellflower—Yellow. An old-time cooking apple.
 Snow (Fameuse)—A New England late fall and winter apple. Fine eating.
 Rhode Island Greening—A famous New England apple. A keeper.
 Winesap—A good, red late winter apple.
 Roxbury Russet—An old-time russeted apple. Good size. Good keeping.
 Rome Beauty—Bears heavy and regularly. One of best keepers and best baker.
 Red Rome—A solid red apple having all other characters of Rome Beauty.
 Stayman Winesap—Good keeping. Dull red color.
 Yellow Newtown—Late. Fine keeper. High quality.
 Hyslop Crab Apple—Medium size. Striped.
 Transcendent Crab Apple—A fine crab.

Quick Bearing Varieties—Some varieties produce fruit much earlier in life than others. To get quickest results use Wagener, Jonathan and Yellow Delicious.

PEARS

No home orchard should be without Pears, both the summer canning varieties and the fine keeping pears.
 Bartlett—The great canning Pear. Ripens in August. High quality. If you can have but one pear choose Bartlett.
 Bosc—A long-necked, russeted pear, of highest quality. Ripens a month or six weeks after Bartlett.
 Cayuga—A new highly recommended variety.
 Worden Seckle—A high quality, winter dessert variety. Bears young.
 Comice—A large late winter pear. Highest quality.
 D'Anjou—A winter pear of highest quality.
 Seckle—Small, brownish-green. Finest quality. Early winter.
 Winter Nelis—Small. Russeted. Late keeper. High quality.

Dwarf Pears—Pears on dwarf roots, make a smaller tree but a more productive one. Bear fine fruit. Fine for home gardens. We offer Bartlett only in four-year-old, bearing age trees. These trees fruited in the nursery this summer.

PEACHES

Varieties listed in approximate order of ripening.
 Mayflower—White juicy flesh. Earliest. For eating raw only.
 Triumph—Semi-cling. Earliest yellow-meated peach. Heavy and regular bearer.
 Golden Jubilee—A new freestone variety that ripens a little ahead of Rochester. Very promising.
 Slappy—A yellow-meated freestone. One of highest quality canned.
 Rochester—Hardest of all peach varieties. A Crawford type ripening its first fruit a week or ten days before Early Crawford. No split pit fruits. A good canning and eating variety. Best peach in Puget Sound region.
 Champion—A fine freestone, white meated peach.
 Early Crawford—Most used peach in Oregon. Freestone, fine quality.
 Charlotte—Very similar to Early Crawford but a few days later and considered by many to be more productive and a better peach.
 Carmen—A high quality white meated peach. Unexcelled for dessert use.
 Eclipse—Another new yellow freestone that is very promising.
 Southaven—One of best of new varieties. Freestone, bears young and heavily. Yellow flesh. Two weeks earlier than Elberta.
 Valiant—A fine new freestone. Large, attractive fruit at about season of Early Crawford.
 Vedette—A new variety of Elberta type.
 Elberta—A fine commercial variety but too much leaf-curl for home plantings.
 Improved Elberta—Best of all canning varieties but subject to leaf curl and requires careful spraying. Heavy bearer. Yellow freestone. A little earlier than the common Elberta.
 J. H. Hale—One of most popular varieties. Fruit very large. Productive.
 Tuscan Cling—A yellow meat cling peach.
 Massasoit—New. Large, high quality, attractive. About Early Crawford season.
 Muir—A yellow-meated freestone that is a fine canner.
 Perfection—A very productive canning freestone. Fruit only medium size.

Please Read Before Ordering

OUR SEPARATE PRICE LIST COVERS ALL ITEMS IN THIS CATALOGUE
 WE GROW OUR OWN NURSERY STOCK HERE IN SALEM

Buy direct from the grower for best results. Grown under west of the Cascades conditions, our stock is thoroughly ACCLIMATED TO WESTERN WASHINGTON AND OREGON CONDITIONS.

Why risk sending away for stock grown under different climatic conditions when you can buy ACCLIMATED STOCK, direct from GROWER, for less money than the usual price offered by outside selling organizations.

PLANTING SEASON:—Nursery stock does not ripen up thoroughly until about the middle of November. We dig and ship immediately that which is ripe, but WE DO NOT dig before mature, simply that we may beat the other fellow to shipments.

All the items listed herein can be planted from middle of November until late February or early March, depending upon the earliness of the spring. For best results plant before middle of February.

GUARANTEE:—We guarantee all stock to be true-to-name, free from disease and reach you in a live and healthy condition. However, we do not guarantee stock to grow under conditions over which we have no control. Should there ever be any complaint please make it as early as possible and it will be handled in a fair and square manner.

We exercise the greatest of care in delivering first class, true-to-name stock and hold ourselves in readiness to replace same when proven otherwise. But at no time will we be held liable for an amount greater than the original price.

Late Crawford—A large freestone that ripens about a month after Early Crawford.
 Salway—Ripens in early October. Large. Yellow flesh. Freestone.

NECTARINES

The Nectarine tree looks like a peach tree and the pit is like a peach pit. The skin, however, is smooth, like that of a plum. The flesh is rich and smooth and has a flavor all its own. A most delicious fruit that is little known here, but which will thrive wherever the peach thrives. Every home planting should have a Nectarine tree.

New Boy.
 Stanwick—Leading Nectarine variety.
 Quetta—Large, highly colored. Earlier than Stanwick.

APRICOTS

Where given the full peach spraying program, Apricots will bear well in the region west of the Cascades. Handle like peach trees.
 Southwick—This is a local variety that has borne regularly for many years under Willamette Valley conditions. Original tree has been growing near Rickreaf for over 50 years.
 Tilton—A large fruiting commercial variety.
 Wenatchee Moorpark—One of the leading commercial varieties of Eastern Washington.

SWEET CHERRIES

Bing, Lambert and Royal Anne require other varieties for pollinizers as they will not bear well planted either alone or with each other. We list several pollinizers below. Our cherries are all grown on mazzard root—the long-lived root.
 Bing—A large, solid black cherry. High quality. Ripens with Royal Anne.
 Black Republican—Black fruit, smaller than Bing. Used largely as pollinizer for Bing, Lambert and Royal Anne.
 Black Tartarian—Ripens earlier than main crop cherries. Used as a pollinizer.
 Hoskins—A splendid pollinizer with fruit resembling that of Bing, but a little smaller.
 Lambert—Large, heart shaped, purplish-red fruit. Ripens after Bing. Better suited to west of Cascades conditions than Bing.
 Royal Anne—Yellow with red cheek. The great canning cherry. Ripens ahead of Lambert.
 Waterhouse—A variety resembling Royal Anne, but softer. Used as pollinizer.

SOUR CHERRIES

Kentish (Early Richmond)—Medium size, red sour pie cherry. Ripens a little ahead of Montmorency. Used as pollinizer for Montmorency.
 Late Duke—Large dark red, half-sour cherry ripening late in July.
 May Duke—Medium size, red, half-sour, ripening early June.
 Montmorency—The best of the pie cherries. Bears heavily and young.

PRUNES

Italian—The great canning and drying prune. Medium size fruit. Ripens in September. The best canning of the plum family.
 Petite (French)—Small fruited, sweet prune.
 Date—A strain of Petites with larger fruit and larger pit. Good quality.
 Imperial—Large, sweet, reddish-purple. Good quality. Plant with other prunes for pollinization.
 Silver—Large, sweet, yellow. Late.

PLUMS

Plums—In approximate order of ripening.
 Beauty—Early, heart shaped, red. Good.
 Apex Plumcot—A cross between a plum and apricot.
 Peach Plum—Large. Early.
 Shiro—Medium size, yellow skin. Productive.
 Santa Rosa—Purplish-red with amber colored flesh. One of best plums for local conditions. Quality high.
 Burbank—Early. Productive. Good quality.
 Green Gage—Green color skin and flesh. Ripens late August. Good quality.
 Wickson—Large, juicy, heart-shaped, red.
 Satsuma—Red skin and flesh. Fine flavor.

Productive when planted with Burbank or other varieties.

Blue Damson—Small, blue skinned. Used largely for jam and preserves.
 Bradshaw—A large blue mid-season plum.
 Hungarian—Large, late. Purplish red. Fair quality.

NUT TREES

All the nut tree varieties listed herein are hardy under conditions prevailing west of the Cascades. Nuts are very easily grown and a complete assortment should be found in every home planting. If you grow them yourself you can afford to eat more nuts.

Franquette—This is the only variety of English walnut that is much planted. We offer grafted trees.

QUINCE

VARIETIES: PINEAPPLE, CHAMPION ORDER EARLY WHILE ASSORTMENTS ARE COMPLETE. A 20% deposit will hold your order till shipping time.

THE NEW ROYAL FILBERT

This introduction of our own is the largest filbert we have seen. Even larger than the largest Brixnut. Quality high. Percentage of meat much higher than Barcelona. Self husking. A real filbert.

BRIXNUT FILBERT TREES

Brixnut is one of the newer filbert varieties. It produces large nuts and bears young and heavily. Its pollinizer is Halls Giant, another large round filbert. Our trees are all budded on Barcelona seedling roots.

Gassoway—A fine pollinizer for DuChilly.

FIGS

Our Fig varieties will produce in the climate west of the Cascades. These varieties do not require pollinizers. Excellent for eating fresh as well as for preserves and cooking. Bear young. Plant on well drained soil.

Varieties: Latturula Honey—White fruit. Ripens two crops a year.

FILBERTS

Tip-layered Filbert Trees—Many of the finest orchards are of the tip-layered trees. These have a lighter root than the transplanted types but if planted according to our instructions they will give excellent results and their price is low. We can supply Barcelona with DuChilly and Daviana pollinizers in this class of tree.

Transplanted Filbert Trees—These are a year older than the tip-layered types, being tip-layers that have been carried an additional year in the nursery rows. We advise Barcelona as a main crop with DuChilly, Daviana and White Aveline as pollinizers. If DuChilly is used as main crop use Gassoway and Daviana as pollinizers.

ALMONDS

Certain varieties of Almonds thrive west of the Cascades. The varieties we offer are soft shelled; as fine as anything you can buy in the stores. They are local varieties that have proven their bearing qualities under our climatic conditions.

BERRIES

Boysenberry—One of the most promising berries is the Boysenberry. This berry closely resembles Youngberry but is larger and more productive and its flavor is slightly different. Boysenberry starts ripening when Youngberry is about half through its season, thus lengthening the berry season. Boysenberry has been a sensation wherever it has fruited.

Youngberry—This is one of the finest berries grown. Delicious raw or in pies, jams, jelly or canned. Grows on a trellis like a loganberry. A dozen plants will amply supply the average family.

Ideal Wild Mountain Blackberry—This is a domesticated form of the wild mountain blackberry. It is best pie berry grown. Has all the high quality of the wild berry and bears well.
 Loganberry—Fine for pies, jams and canned.

Gooseberries—Oregon Champion, the standard berry of the Northwest.
 Perfection Currants—A large red currant.
 White Grape Currant—Large clusters of white currants.

RED RASPBERRIES

Cuthbert—High quality. Less productive than some others.
 Chief—Hardest of all. Early. Productive. Fruit large.

Lloyd George—High quality. Produces fall crop also.

Latham—Hardy. Heavy bearer. Good quality.

Newbough—One of the newer varieties of red raspberries. Produces very heavily. Berries very large.

Taylor—New. A very heavy producer of enormous berries. Fine quality.

Plum Farmer Blackcaps—A fine black raspberry.

COMBINATION FRUIT TREES

These are trees with from two to four varieties of fruit on a single tree. Ideal for town lots where garden space is limited.

Apple Trees—These have from 2 to 4 varieties to the tree, in various combinations of eight leading home-orchard varieties. We try to develop a summer, a fall and a winter variety on each tree.

Cherry Trees—We offer trees with Hoskins and Royal Anne and with Hoskins, Royal Anne and Lambert. Hoskins is an excellent pollinizer and in addition produces a nice fruit that is very similar to Bing.

Plum-Prune—We can supply trees with Italian prune and from one or two plum varieties.
 See price list for prices.

FALL BULBS

Tulips, Narcissus, Hyacinths, Crocus and many others, together with Peonies are described in our Fall Bulb Price List. Write for it. Free.

STRAWBERRY PLANTS

MARSHALL—NEW OREGON—REDHEART MAGOON—ETTERSBERG

Rockhill Everbearing Strawberry—The best everbearing variety grown.
 Progressive Everbearing Strawberry.
 Mary Washington Asparagus.
 Riverside Giant Rhubarb.

SHRUBS

We have a complete stock of evergreen and flowering Shrubs. Look them over in our salesyard (open October 1st till June 1st).

WE PLAN AND PLANT

We will call and help you make up a planting plan, if desired and will give prices on either the shrubs or on a planted job.

PLANT SHRUBS NOW

Pay By the Month

In many cases we can arrange a time payment method of paying for shrub plantings. You can start enjoying a planted home now and can extend the payments over 5 or 6 months time.

Let us figure on your landscape requirements for that new home.

It costs nothing to get our prices.